

World Summit on the Information Society (WSIS)

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Overview

- Brief Introduction to ISOC
- World Summit on the Information Society (WSIS)
 - Origins & Current Status
 - WSIS Declaration and Plan of Action
- ISOC's involvement in WSIS
- Assessment of WSIS /Next Steps

Internet Society (ISOC)

www.isoc.org

- Founded 1991 by Internet Pioneers
- International, not-for-profit, membership org.
 - 150+ organisation members
 - 17,000+ individual members
 - 85+ chapters, 50+ chapters forming
- Organisation members fund activities in:
 - Standards
 - Education
 - Public Policy

ISOC – Activities

- Support for Internet Standards (IETF) & RFC Publication
- Education:
 - Transfer of technical knowledge (IETF, VoIP, IPv6, etc.)
 - Network and Network Policy in technologically emerging countries
 - Focus on self-sustainability
- Policy: Educate policy & decision makers
- Manage subsidiary that runs .org TLD
- Building active global community of knowledgeable members & chapters

ISOC – Mission

"To assure the open development, evolution and use of the Internet for the benefit of all people throughout the world."

World Summit on the Information Society (WSIS)

<http://www.itu.int/wsis/>

WSIS – Background

- 2001 UN decided to hold a World Summit:
 - Dec. 2003 Geneva & Nov. 2005 Tunis
 - ITU responsible for ‘secretariat’
- Open-ended inter-governmental Preparatory Committee to define agenda
- Participation* by various stakeholders:
 - gov’s, inter-governmental orgs, international orgs, civil society, private sector
- Focus = on ICT to develop a ‘better world’.....

... but WSIS was a difficult process and had ambitious plans

- Many different ‘agendas’
- Very broad, little focus
 - IPR, freedom of press, Internet Governance, Digital Divide...
 - Difficult to participate and many not allowed in WG’s/sessions
- Little representation of Internet community
 - those who know the Internet and who make it work
- “Governance” debate without understanding of term
- “Governance” became equal to ICANN
- ITU/Int’l. Org. suggested as successor to ICANN
- And this was only the beginning...

WSIS Declaration of Principles

Internet Governance (Article 48):

- Internet has evolved into global facility and its governance s/be core issue on Info. Soc. agenda
- The International Management of the Net should:
 - Be multilateral, transparent, democratic
 - full involvement of all stakeholders
 - gov's., private sector, civil society, international orgs.
 - Ensure equitable distribution of resources
 - Facilitate Access for all
 - Stable & secure functioning of the Internet
 - Multilingualism, Etc....

WSIS Plan of Action (1)

Article 13b

- UN SG was asked to set up a working group on Internet Governance:
 - Open and inclusive, w/participation of govt's, private sector and civil society from developed and developing countries, involving intergovernmental and international orgs. and forums to investigate and make proposals for action, on the **governance** of the Internet by 2005.

WSIS Plan of Action (2)

Article 13b cont'd.

- Internet Governance WG should, *inter alia*:
 - Develop working definition of Internet Governance
 - Identify relevant public policy issues
 - Develop common understanding of roles & resp. of govt's, existing intergovernmental & int'l. orgs, civil society, private sector from dev'd & dev'g countries
 - Prepare a report for WSIS - Tunis 2005

WSIS Plan of Action (3)

Article 13c

- Governments were invited to (Article 13c):
 - Facilitate establishment of nat'l. & reg'l. Internet Exchange Centres
 - Manage or supervise their ccTLD's
 - Promote awareness of Internet
 - Promote regional root servers and IDN's
 - Etc.

WSIS Plan of Action (4)

Digital Solidarity Agenda

- UN Secretary General to set up a TF
 - review adequacy of existing mechanisms
 - Digital Solidarity Fund
 - present results in December 2004

ISOC's Involvement in WSIS

- Initially observing, later active participation
- ISOC BoT member appointed to 'observe'
- Formal response to WSIS draft declaration
 - May 2003
 - concerns regarding "Internet Governance" issues
- Numerous publications/briefings
- As Sector member of ITU, participated more actively in various ITU events
- Our focus was Education

Joint Efforts

- Actively increased cooperation with other org's
 - businesses, civil society, technical coordination bodies
 - CCBI, RIR's, ICANN, CENTR, root server operators...
- Joint publication and distribution of papers
 - “The Genius of the Internet”
 - “Governance is a misnomer”
 - “Internet works through coordination and open consensus”
- Joint workshops at WSIS and other events
 - The Internet: How it works, Why it works, Who makes it work
 - ISOC, IETF, RIR's, ICANN, Root Server operators
 - IPv6 workshop

<http://www.isoc.org/news/>

<http://www.isoc.org/isoc/conferences/wsis/workshop.shtml>

ISOC's Main Messages (1)

Focused on what works well today and why:

- Technical aspects of Internet
 - e.g. standards evolution
- Bottom-up, open, inclusive, international consensus-based processes
 - Phenomenal growth and stability,
 - Little to no barriers to participation
- Very good coordination across Internet Community
- Encourages development and use of new technologies

ISOC's Main Messages (2)

- Governance is not equal to ICANN
- Internet Governance = governing use of Internet, not governance of the Internet itself
- Identify Issues that need attention and will make difference, then resource them..
- Identify issues that really matter to LDC's

ISOC's Main Messages (3)

Areas needing more attention:

- Public Policy Issues
 - Cybercrime, Privacy, Security, Spam, Digital Divide issues, IPR, etc.
- More than just technical issues/solutions
- Requires cooperation with gov's., industry, civil society, policy makers, etc.
- Many issues are local/national

ISOC's Main pushback: “Internet Governance”

- ... is a misnomer
- Misunderstood & misrepresented
- ... is not equal to ICANN
- Internet is not a single entity to “govern”
 - no single body can oversee all Internet aspects
 - does not reflect how Internet developed nor how it operates
 - requires coordination & expertise of many
- Many definitions of the term “governance”, most mean government. Most will be harmful to the Net.

Pre WSIS II Preparations: ITU Activities/Workshops

- ISOC participated in Sector Member Post WSIS I review
- ITU Workshop on Internet Governance: 2/2004
 - Presentations by invited experts
 - I* orgs. well represented
 - Many views on ‘governance’
 - Concrete issues/problems proved elusive
 - Lots of ‘work proposals’ from consultants

Pre WSIS II Preparations UN ICT Global Forum (1)

- ISOC hosted pre-forum meeting of I* ++
- Many I* groups participated (including RIR's)
- Global Forum not Negotiation or WG session
- No clear definition of term “governance” but scope broadened and focus has shifted noticeably
- Strong support of existing expert efforts/orgs.
 - “don't reinvent the wheel”
 - “need to learn/take advantage of what is out there”
 - “encourage wide participation through open processes”
 - capacity building, translations, technical training etc.

Pre WSIS II Preparations UN ICT Global Forum (2)

Key Messages:

- Internet should be immensely helpful to developing world
 - Must support more participation by LDC's in all processes
 - LDC's need to be supported/involved during 'boot-up' phase
 - Make sure processes are inclusive & transparent & accessible
- Focus should be on issues
 - that are not being addressed today by expert bodies
 - where concrete action is possible
- Role of UN WG
 - should act as steering committee & facilitate dialogue

Next steps for ISOC/I*

- Participate in UN WG on Internet Governance
 - extolling Internet Coordination and messages as before
- Actively facilitate open debate in knowledgeable envt's.
 - INET 2004, 10 – 14 May 2004, Barcelona
 - RIR meetings, other venues as appropriate
- Increase activities in developing world
 - Opportunities for all of us to combine/leverage efforts
 - An integrated effort will be much more than individual pieces
- Extend and strengthen coordination efforts
 - ISOC Internet Collaboration Committee formed to help efforts

Some evidence our collective efforts are having a positive effect

UNICT headlines in chronological order:

- “Global Forum on Internet Governance to be held at UN Headquarters”
- “Internet Governance Issues are Numerous and Complex according to UN SG”
- “Global Internet Governance System is Working but needs to be more Inclusive”

I'd like to hear from all of you,
what else should be done?