



# IPv6 support

Chris Mitchell

Program Manager

Microsoft Corporation

Windows Networking & Communications - IPv6

**Microsoft**

# Introduction

---

- New scenarios and IPv6
- Microsoft's IPv6 support
- Migration and roadmap

# New Engaging Experiences

---



## Real-Time Communications (RTC)

- Instant messaging, voice, video
- Real-time game play / collaboration



## Collaboration

- Project workspaces solving a need
- Sharing your files with other people



## Shared experiences

- Concert, company meeting, class
- Distribution of product updates

# Current challenges

---

- The development and deployment of these experiences is difficult:
  - NATs deployed within networks (Enterprises, Branch offices, WiFi Hotspots, etc.)
  - Networks have a mix of private and public IP addresses
  - Firewalls prevent end to end connectivity
  - IT/Network administrators have to engineer point solutions to enable communication between applications and/or computers
  - Developers need to be network experts in order to develop successful applications
- Mobility is increasing but not supported in the network

# IPv6 - meeting the challenges

---

- Enables next generation network-based applications without additional expense or expertise
- Enables deployment of these applications without major investment in new network infrastructure
- IPv6 addresses many of the challenges with today's networks:
  - Global addressing (IPv6 has  $10^{38}$  addresses)
    - Scaling well beyond IPv4 3 billion public endpoints
    - Allocations allow ISPs to provision many public addresses
    - Eliminates requirement for NATs and private addresses
    - Restores connectivity as appropriate
  - Secure
    - Anonymous addresses provide privacy across multiple sessions
    - IPSec enables host-based authentication and security at the IP layer to augment edge-based security or obscurity
  - Mobile solution
    - Mobile IPv6 solution does not require additional infrastructure or server-side routing
- IPv6 does not require wholesale network upgrade

# Migrating to IPv6

---

*We expect a transition from v4 to v6 - how?*

- Deployment of migration technologies:
  - **ISATAP**: Automatic tunneling of IPv6 over IPv4
    - Enables IPv6 without native router support and/or connects native IPv6 islands to IPv6-enabled clients within IPv4 network in the enterprise
    - Enables gradual migration to IPv6
    - Supported in Windows 2003 Server
  - **6to4**: Automatic tunneling of IPv6 over IPv4
    - Derives IPv6 network prefix from IPv4 global address
    - Supported in Windows XP SP1, Windows 2003 Server and beyond
  - **Teredo**: Automatic tunneling of IPv6 through NAT devices
    - Derives IPv6 network prefix from public server used to traverse NAT
    - Supported in Windows XP SP1 + Advanced Networking update
- Typical migration steps:
  - **Client-based**: Teredo or 6to4
    - Enables new applications within networks with NAT or via 6to4 with no NAT
  - **ISATAP router**: Deploy ISATAP router within network
    - Improves connectivity, allows test deployments of native IPv6 networks
  - **Native internal**: ISATAP and Native IPv6 router(s) with 6to4 enabled to public Internet
    - Full IPv6 connectivity internally; opens end-to-end connectivity with external hosts using 6to4
  - **Native everywhere**: Native IPv6 router(s) with v6 ISP
    - Full IPv6 connectivity internally and to IPv6 Internet

# Current Microsoft® IPv6 support

- Operating system
  - Windows® XP SP1 and Windows Server 2003
  - Windows CE .NET, Pocket PC (2003), Windows Embedded SP1
  - Windows XP Advanced Networking pack (Beta) - v6 NAT traversal, Firewall
- Developer
  - Winsock, HTTP, RPC, DPlay, P2P (Beta)
  - Visual Studio® & .Net Framework, DCOM
- Applications
  - IIS 6.0, IE 6.0, Windows Media Server & Client (4/24), File Sharing, DNS Server (client on Windows 2003)
  - MSN/Windows Messenger (2H'03)
  - 3 Degrees (Beta) [www.threedegrees.com](http://www.threedegrees.com)
    - Built on P2P SDK
    - Requires IPv6 connectivity

# Microsoft IPv6 messaging

---

- Developer
  - Build applications to be protocol agnostic (write to new APIs) now (XP, Server 2003)
  - Prepare to take advantage of new functionality available in next release Windows
- Industry
  - Microsoft will enable new applications that require IPv6 so NEP, IHV and ISVs should be ready
- Customers
  - Get prepared:
    - Deploy transition technologies (Teredo/ISATAP/6to4)
    - Buy v6 enabled Gateway Devices / Network equipment
  - Microsoft is shipping and enabling a new class of low cost, efficient network-based applications



# IPv6 roadmap

..... '02-'04 .....> '04-?? .....> Future .....

Industry

- "IPv4 Ocean, IPv6 islands"
- Opportunity in the home
- Pilot deployments in Asia

- Enterprise deployments
- Deployment in other parts of the world
- Host transition technologies fully in use

- "IPv6 ocean, IPv4 islands"
- Dual-stack important for backward compatibility

Windows

- Windows
  - XP SP1
  - .NET Server 2003
  - CE .NET
- Transparent connectivity via 6to4, IPv6 NAT traversal, ISATAP, P2P

- Windows & Microsoft applications natively support IPv6
- Adoption by top tier industry applications

- Your potential!



Windows has the necessary support for IPv6 applications today!

# More Information on IPv6

---

- Microsoft IPv6 information portal:
  - <http://www.microsoft.com/ipv6/>
- Send feedback on Microsoft IPv6 implementations:
  - [ipv6-fb@microsoft.com](mailto:ipv6-fb@microsoft.com)
- IPv6/IPv4 Coexistence and Migration whitepaper:
  - <http://www.microsoft.com/windowsserver2003/technologies/ipv6/ipv6coexist.mspx>
- Key IETF standards information:
  - Microsoft supports (by RFC)
    - <http://www.microsoft.com/windowsserver2003/technologies/ipv6/ipv6rfc.mspx>
  - IPv6 specification (ipngwg)
    - RFC 2460, 2463, 2373 - IPv6 protocol  
<ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/rfc2460.txt> & [2463.txt](ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/rfc2463.txt) & [2373.txt](ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/rfc2373.txt),
  - IPv6 transition tools (ngtrans/v6ops)
    - RFC 3056 - Connection of IPv6 Domains via IPv4 Clouds (6to4)  
<ftp://ftp.isi.edu/in-notes/rfc3056.txt>
    - Internet Draft - Tunneling IPv6 over UDP through NATs (Teredo)  
<ftp://ftp.isi.edu/internet-drafts/draft-ietf-ngtrans-shipworm-08.txt>
    - Internet Draft - Intra-Site Automatic Tunnel Addressing Protocol (ISATAP)  
<ftp://ftp.isi.edu/internet-drafts/draft-ietf-ngtrans-isatap-05.txt>

Thank You.

Your potential. Our passion.



**Microsoft®**

---

# Backup information

# Networking Trends: Enterprise

## Climate

- >99% of PCs are networked in US large and medium organizations
- 75M PCs WW in large organizations; 55M PCs WW in medium organizations
- Tablet PC and laptops growing over 21% of total PC sales. By 2005 80% will have built-in wireless interface. Cell phones, PDAs important but second to mobile PCs
- IT Pros focus on efficiency and value; Business decisions targeted at customer satisfaction
- Public WLAN-Hotspots grow to a forecasted 120,000 WW by 2007

## Technology

- IP infrastructure becoming central to office networks
  - Steady investment in IP-based phone systems, replacing PBX: \$7.5B in 2006
- Widespread wireless LAN adoption: 24% of LORG offer onsite wireless access
  - Security and standards are challenges
- Gigabit networking is forecasted to grow substantially: \$8.9B WW spending in 2006
- VPN economical solution for remote access

**Empowering employees to work  
anywhere, anytime, on any device**

**Information access**

**Communication**

**Collaboration**

# Networking Trends: Small Business

## Climate

- About 1/3 of US small businesses are networked
- Dial-up is dominant. 25% of US small businesses have broadband connectivity
- 45M WW small businesses. 145M PC WW install base. PC churn is slower than in enterprise
- Overall, small business tends to be very pragmatic about technology investments
- No IT staff makes channel partners critical for advice, implementation and maintenance

## Technology

- Peer-based networking is very important
- Reliable, ease-to-use, integrated solutions are essential
- Mobility growing within small businesses
- Wireless LANs promise convenient deployment and an affordable option
- Real-time communications and CRM have great potential

**Small businesses need to share.**

**Files**  
**Peripherals**  
**Internet Connection**

# Networking Trends: Home

## Climate

- Substantial opportunity for growth in Home market: Only 1 of 6 HHs WW own a PC
- 227M home PCs WW: Makes up 44% of entire WW PC install base
- 64% of US HH have Internet connection. 75% use dial-up as connection method
- Home networking still in embryonic stages. 1/3 of US HH have multiple PC. Only 10% are networked.
- Broadband adoption is hindered until end-users are convinced of the value to migrate from dial-up

## Technology

- Too much choice, lack of prescriptive guidance and complexity are barriers to adoption
- Wireless LANs promise convenient deployment and an affordable option
- Security and content concerns
- Distributing entertainment experiences within the home will drive future home networks
  - Quality of Service is essential. Interesting device integration scenarios

The Home PC is moving out of the den and into the living room.

Digital Entertainment  
Multi-Player Gaming  
Rich Communications  
Working from home