# RESOURCE PUBLIC KEY INFRASTRUCTURE Public KEY Control C

ARIN Online users may now participate in RPKI: an local description opt-in service that allows users to certify their RSA/LRSA covered Internet number resources to help secure Internet routing. Using cryptographically verifiable certificates, local RPKI allows IP address holders to create public statements specifying which Autonomous Systems are authorized to originate their IP address prefixes.

These statements, known as Route Origin Authorizations (ROAs), allow network operators to make informed routing decisions, and help secure Internet routing in general. This initiative has been developed within the IETF, with involvement from Regional Internet Registries (RIRs), Local Internet Registries (LIRs), and numerous Internet Service Providers (ISPs).

# Why USE RPKI?

Internet routing is dependent upon many chains of network relationships that are based on mutual trust. Each party trusts that the route used to transmit information is safe, accurate, and will not be maliciously altered. This model proved sufficient in the early stages of Internet development, but has become increasingly vulnerable to abuse and attack as the Internet's resources have undergone a massive increase in usage.

With the depletion of IPv4 space, an urgent need exists to strengthen routing security. Using cryptographically verifiable statements, RPKI helps to ensure that Internet number resource holders are certifiably linked to those resources, and reliable routing origin data is available upon which to base routing decisions.

RPKI can help fill these requirements through the generation of:

- Resource certificates, which digitally verify that a resource has been allocated or assigned to a specific entity
- Route Origin Authorizations (ROAs): digital statements specifying which Autonomous System may originate a specific IP address or range

ARIN encourages members of the Internet community to certify their resources through RPKI. Internet routing today is vulnerable to hijacking and the provisioning/use of certificates is one of steps required to make routing more secure. Widespread RPKI adoption will help simplify IP address holder verification and routing decision-making throughout the ARIN region.

#### **RPKI** AT THE OTHER RIRS

More information about RPKI at other RIRs is available at the following URLs:

#### **AFRINIC**

https://afrinic.net/resource-certification

#### **APNIC**

https://www.apnic.net/community/security/resource-certification/

#### **LACNIC**

https://www.lacnic.net/980/1/lacnic/certificacion-de-recursos-rpki

#### RIPE NCC

https://www.ripe.net/manage-ips-and-asns/resource-management/certification

#### **RPKI AT ARIN**

For online documentation regarding RPKI at ARIN, visit Resource Certification (RPKI).

#### **Hosted RPKI**

Hosted RPKI is an infrastructure in which ARIN hosts a Certificate Authority (CA) and signs all ROAs for resources within the ARIN region via ARIN Online. Only direct resource holders can participate in RPKI. Any downstream organization must have their upstream provider submit ROA Requests on their behalf.

### **Delegated RPKI**

Delegated RPKI refers to an infrastructure in which ARIN allows direct resource holders to host their own CA and sign ROAs on their own systems. Resources then are linked to ARIN's RPKI repository when setting up RPKI. This hierarchical system of verification allows customers of direct Internet number resource holders to participate in RPKI, using their own provider as a CA.



#### What is a **Resource?**

In the context of RPKI, a **resource** is a grouping of Internet Protocol (IP) addresses or Autonomous Systems Numbers (ASNs) that uniquely identify a computer or a network on the Internet. Routers use these numbers much like the Post Office uses addresses to help route mail to recipients.

#### What is a **Resource Certificate?**

A **resource certificate** is an electronic file that serves as proof that a resource has been assigned to an individual or company for their use. These certificates list a collection of Internet number resources (IPv4 and IPv6 addresses, as well as ASNs) that are associated with a holder of those resources. Resource certificates provide a means of third-party validation of assertions related to resource allocations using proven cryptographic algorithms. These certificates contain no identifying information about who the holder of the resources is; resource holders can prove their legitimacy using their private key to sign information such as a Route Origination (ROA) Request. Relying Parties can then validate these signed objects with the corresponding public key.

#### What is a **Key Pair?**

The term **key pair** refers to the two separate pieces of data (a public key and a private key) created using public-key cryptography, a system used to secure data.

In Hosted RPKI, participants generate and use Route Origin Authorization (ROA) Request Generation Key Pairs to secure Route Origin Authorization (ROA) and resource certificate data and cryptographically verify their identity. Hosted RPKI users must create a ROA Request Generation Key Pair before requesting resource certificates or generating ROA Requests. In Delegated RPKI, participants generate and use Delegated RPKI Key Pairs to request, sign, and publish an RFC 3779 resource certificate from ARIN. The private key of this key pair is then used to sign information in the participant's RPKI repository.

#### What is a **Public Key?**

The **public key** is the part of the key pair that may be distributed safely to others. It is mathematically paired with the private key that was generated alongside it. This key is provided to ARIN when the user signs up to participate in RPKI, and is used to cryptographically verify Route Origin Authorization (ROA) Request which have been signed by the corresponding private key.

#### What is a **Private Key?**

The **private key** is the part of the key pair that must be securely stored, and may NOT be distributed. RPKI participants use private keys to sign Route Authorization (ROA) Requests. When a block of data is signed using a resource holder's private key, their public key can be used to verify that data.

**Note:** Private keys MUST be kept private, and must not be shared with anyone outside your organization. Should another entity have access to your private key, that entity would be able to effectively represent itself as your organization, voiding the security RPKI is designed to maintain.

If your private key is lost or compromised, you must start the resource certification process again from scratch.

#### **How to Participate in Hosted RPKI**

Configuring hosted RPKI requires the following steps:

- Generate a ROA Request Key Pair.
- 2. Submit a Certificate Request using ARIN Online.
- 3. Submit ROA requests using ARIN Online.

Within the MANAGE RPKI section of ARIN Online, you may request and manage resource certificates and ROAs, as well as view which resources are currently covered.

#### **ROA Request Key Pair**

Before configuring hosted RPKI in ARIN Online, you must generate a ROA Request Key Pair, which contains a public key and a private key. Your public key is provided to ARIN and is used to cryptographically verify ROA Requests which have been signed by the corresponding private key.

#### **Certificate Request**

- Log in to ARIN Online and select Your Records > Organization Identifiers.
- 2. Choose the organization for which you want to manage RPKI.
- Select Manage RPKI from the Actions menu. (If you do not see this option, please ensure you meet the requirements for participation.)

- 4. Choose Configure Hosted.
- Read and agree to the RPKI Terms of Service.
   (Note: Not required for resources covered by an RSA version 12 or greater.)
- 6. Submit your ROA Public Key in the Public Key field. A ticketed request is created for ARIN to generate a resource certificate covering your Internet number resources.

#### How to Participate in Delegated RPKI

To participate in Delegated RPKI, you must be a direct resource holder, host your own CA, and issue resource certificates and sign ROAs for your customers. See the online documentation for more information.

#### **ROA Requests**

ROAs generated and signed by ARIN are published in ARIN's RPKI repository, and may be downloaded and validated (using publicly available tools) by network operators looking for statements to base their routing decisions upon. ROA data is secured by performing all cryptographic functions in a trusted environment on a Hardware Security Module (HSM) designed specifically for this type of encryption.

Note: Before submitting ROA Requests, you must sign up for RPKI and submit your public key. After ARIN has created your resource certificate, you can submit ROA Requests.

#### To submit a ROA request:

- 1. Log in to ARIN Online and choose the correct organization, then choose Manage RPKI.
- In the Hosted Certificate field, choose Create ROA and choose one of these options:
  - To allow the browser to process your ROA, in the Browser-Signed tab, enter the information for your ROA and browse to select your ROA Request Key Pair. Choose Submit. (The key is not uploaded to ARIN.)
  - To submit a pre-signed ROA, choose the Signed tab and enter the signed ROA request that you have created. See our online documentation for more information.

#### ARIN's Trust Anchor Locator (TAL)

In RPKI, a validator is used to fetch repositories that can be located via a TAL. ARIN's TAL contains both the location of ARIN's repository and ARIN's public key, which is used to cryptographically verify that ARIN has signed the artifacts within ARIN's repository.

The validator can then verify the certificates and ROAs within the repository.

#### In order to access ARIN's TAL:

To access ARIN's TAL, visit https://www.arin.net/resources/manage/rpki/tal/. By accessing ARIN Repository information or downloading the ARIN TAL (regardless of format), you agree to be bound by the Relying Party Agreement.

## **ARIN Customers Wishing to Participate in RPKI:**

In order to participate in RPKI, you will need:















IPv4 or IPv6 resources obtained directly from ARIN

A signed RSA or LRSA covering the resources you wish to certify

ARIN Online account linked to an admin or tech Point of Contact (POC) with authority to manage the resources you wish to certify

